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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/705,936	11/13/2003	Axel Andersson	027651-145	6572
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			REFAI, RAMSEY	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1404			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3627	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/24/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/705,936	ANDERSSON ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Ramsey Refai	3627	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ID. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory or Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tid d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron te, cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 € This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pr		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 8-12 is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	vn from consideration. for election requirement.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	oate	

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Responsive to Request for Continued Examination (RCE) received January 29, 2009. Claims 1-7 have been amended. Claims 1-7 remain pending further examination.

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

3. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baird (US Patent No 7,062,262) in view of Stamm et al (US 6,705,523).

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4. As per claim 1, Baird teaches a method of tracking in production in a plant for liquid foods, comprising:

allocating a unit identity to production units in the plant, the unit identity is registered and constitutes at least one of a source and a destination (see at least column 2, lines 12-23, 56-60, column 1, lines 40-60; products are given an identifier for tracking);

allocating a work identity of the product in the production, and registering the work identity (see at least column 1, line 40-column 2, lines 23; each input ingredient/process is given an identifier);

registering events in the plant with the work identity of the product, to identify a transport of at least a portion of the material from a source with reference to the unit identity of the source and/or to a destination with reference to the unit identity of the destination (see at least column 1, line 40-column 2, lines 23, column 2, lines 56-61, column 4, lines14-50); and

displaying data associated with at least one event of a specific point in time based on the unit identity of a production unit and the work identity of the material quantity (see at least column 4, lines 13-50, column 5, lines 41-43, column 6, line 66-column 7, line 33; customers or operators are presented with results showing the processes of a target item including process locations and dates, at different stages of the production chain).

Baird fails to explicitly teach allocating a work identity to a *material quantity* and registering events in the plant with the work identity of *the material quantity*. However, in the same field of endeavor, Stamm et al teach a system and method for tracking supplies in a production line including labeling supplies with barcodes indicating production line delivery location, load sequence, *load quantity*, and lot number to facilitate tracking and routing (see at least column 2, lines 44-57, abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in

the art at the time of the Applicant's invention to combine the teachings of Stamm et al with the system of Baird because doing so would allow Baird's system to also track the quantity of the ingredients and the product as it moves through the production chain.

- 5. As per claim 2, Baird teaches wherein the work identity is registered in a specifically adapted database (see at least fig 1, 140; central database).
- 6. As per claim 3, Baird teaches wherein the material quantity is determined by a certain product, by a certain volume and/or a quantity (see at least column 2, lines 12-23).
- 7. As per claim 4, Baird teaches wherein the unit identity and the work identity include a number of figures, letters and/or a combination of figures and letters (see at least column 3, lines 18-23).
- 8. As per claim 5, Baird teaches wherein the work identity of a material quantity changes identity based on a registered event (see at least column 2, lines 4-24, column 5, lines 15-40).
- 9. As per claim 6, Baird teaches wherein the registered events and a material flow in the plant are illustrated in a user interface using a tree structure (see at least column 6, lines 45-65, fig 1).
- 10. As per claim 7, Baird teach tracking the production of the product as it goes through the different processes in the production chain but fails to explicitly teach wherein the work identity

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of a material quantity includes washing of at least one of the production units, said material quantity having no source and no destination. However, the washing of production units in a production chain is well known in the art. It would have therefore been obvious to include the washing of at least one production unit as one of the tracked processes in the system of Baird because doing so would allow for Baird's system to track all processes in a production chain including the washing of a production unit since the chemicals used to wash the production unit might be of interest in situations where an end product is determined to be tainted. This event would not need a source or destination entry.

Conclusion

Examiner's Note: The Examiner has cited specific citations in the reference(s) as applied to the claim(s) above for the convenience of the Applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested that the Applicant, in preparing their response, fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the examiner.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ramsey Refai whose telephone number is (571) 272-3975. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 - 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ryan Zeender can be reached on (571) 272-6790. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Ramsey Refai February 16, 2009 /Ramsey Refai/ Examiner, Art Unit 3627